

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

62,91 1935

E. B. Drake, Alpine Gardens

—Growers of—
Hardy Plants for Every Purpose

Lakebay, Wash.



*HARDY, NATIVE and IMPORTED ALPINES
and PERENNIALS*

TO



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY
Fruit and Vegetable Crops and Diseases
8-3591

A POINT WORTH REMEMBERING

A plant does not necessarily have to be expensive to be beautiful, but must of necessity be priced according to the cost of production. This production cost varies greatly in different localities, and in favored climates, such as we enjoy, is, in some instances, less than half that of our less fortunate competitors. We are glad to pass this saving on to our customers, and ask you to remember that each plant has only one Latin name, and will be found listed in all catalogs under that name, and will be found the same plant, regardless of price.

DON'T LET THE WORD ALPINE MISLEAD YOU

While we grow more than 800 different species of Alpine and perennial plants, from all over the world (for our local trade), we list only those we believe suited to eastern gardens. This includes many plants from high altitudes, which have been found to behave very nicely at sea level.

WHAT WE GROW

While we specialize in plants that are suitable for the rock garden, we do not neglect the old border favorites and newer novelties, as well as other subjects suited to pool-side planting.

DOUBLE PURPOSE PLANTS

Flowers you have admired in rock gardens are often even more effective when used elsewhere. They are indispensable for edging walks and beds, and any perennial border is greatly enhanced by a sprinkling of well-chosen rock plants towards the front of the planting, where their low growth and gay flowers give just the needed finish.

THE SIZE OF THE PLANTS WE SHIP

Our plants are sent out at the age and size to give best results when transplanted to your garden, for instance, only the new growth of most spreading, or mat-forming sorts, is sent out, while some of the slow growing sorts are three or four years old before they are ready to ship. Tap-rooted plants, such as Columbine, Delphinium and Geum are grown from seed, and are ready for sale after being grown in the field two or three years. Plants are listed alphabetically, regardless of their uses. An (R) designates those that can be used in the rock garden, if so desired.

Unless description specifies otherwise, please understand that the preference is for a sunny location.

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL PLANTS ARE
15 CENTS EACH

ACAENA Buchananii (New Zealand Burr) (R)—Lying flat on the ground, this lacy-leaved creeper is ideal for a half shady spot, or in the shade of a large rock.

ACHILLEA Nana (R)—This dwarf silvery-leaved Yar-row is ideal for a dry rockery. White flower-heads on 6 inch stems.

A-Sericea (R)—Yellow flower-heads on 12 inch stems. Has the longest blooming period of any plant in our rockery.

A-Tomentosa (R)—Valuable for its odd and beautiful foliage effect. Yellow flower-heads on 6 inch stems. 20c ea.

ADENOPHORA Lilifolia (Lady bells)—A well grown clump of this Campanula-like plant will attract much attention in the perennial border. Lavender-pink bells over a long period.

ADIANTUM Pedatum (Maidenhair Fern)—This is the hardy kind and can be used outside in a shady position.

AJUGA Reptans rubra (R)—Carpets of rich bronzed-purple leaves. Blue mint-like flowers on 4 to 6 inch stems. Shade.

ALYSSUM Moellendorffianum (R)—Smaller and more compact than A-Saxatile. Yellow blooms in spring. Rare. 20c.

ANEMONE Japonica (Wind flower)—Tall and stately, with many large showy flowers in shades of pink and white. Fall.

ANTENNARIA Dioica tomentosa (R)—Prostrate grey-leaved, native creeper. Odd fuzzy flower-heads on 8 inch stems.

AQUILEGIA Mrs. Scott Elliott—The best strain of long-spur, red columbine, in many beautiful colors. Summer. 3 ft.

ARABIS Alpina, Variegata (R)—The green and white foliage makes a bright spot in the rockery during the entire year.

ARENARIA Balerica (R)—The most desirable of the Genus. Absolutely prostrate, it forms a living cloth of brightest green, covered in season with tiny white stars on 1 inch stems. 25c.

A-Montana (R)—The large white flowers completely hide the thick mats of dark-green foliage. Ideal for a large pocket in the rock garden. Blooms all summer. 1 ft.

A-Verna caespitosa (R)—Makes a dark-green mossy carpet, creeping slowly over rocks, making a fine substitute for moss.

A-Verna aurea (R)—Similar to above, except that foliage is yellow, making an interesting contrast. 25c.

ARCTOSAPHYLOS Uvi ursi (R)—(Kinnikinnick)—Small shrubby evergreen creeper with leathery leaves. Pink urn-shaped flowers in spring, followed by large red berries in fall. 25c.

ARTEMISIA Lactiflora—Wonderful background plant. Astilbe like foliage, creamy-white flowers on 6 ft., stems. Aug. to Oct.

- A-SILVER king** (Ghost plant)—The open leaf buds gleam like beads. Sprays may be cut for winter bouquets. 3 ft.
- ASPERULA Cynanchica** (R)—Can best be described as resembling a very dwarf babysbreath. A beautiful flower that should be in every garden or rockery. 20c.
- ASTER Alpinus** (R)—(Rock Aster)—The best dwarf aster for the rockery or border. Summer. 6 inch. Shades of blue and white, mixed only.
- A-Amellus, Climax**—Large blue flowers with yellow center. The best of the fall asters for the border or cutting. 3 ft.
- A-Coerulea**—Robust grower with very large blue flowers.
- A-Mauve cushion** (R)—Round cushions covered with mauve-colored flowers on 6 inch stems. Blooms in fall, giving color when most needed, in the rockery or low border. 20c.
- A-St. Edgwin**—pink-showers of medium sized pink blooms. 4 ft.
- ASPEDIDIUM Munitum** (Pacific Christmas Fern)—The bold fronds of this sword fern will fill a shady corner. 3 ft.
- A-Munitum, imbricans** (R)—Small sword fern for dry rockery
- AUBRETIA Grandiflora** (R)—For genuine usefulness and adaptability, Aubretias have few equals. Shades of pink and blue. In bloom continuously through spring and summer. 6 inches.
- BOLTONIA Latisquama**—This tall handsome plant resembles an Aster in habit and flower. Light pink flowers in fall.
- CALLUNA Vulgaris** (R)—(Scotch heather)—This fine shrub with its green mossy foliage and beautiful flowers has many uses and is attractive the year around. 25 to 50 cents.
- CAMPANULA Abietina** (R)—Dwarf bright green rosettes. Violet stars on 10 inch stems. Rare and beautiful. 20c.
- C-Isophylla, alba** (R)—A beautiful trailer for window box or rockery. Large white saucers completely hide the foliage. 25c.
- C-Lauri** (R)—A beauty introduced in recent years, from Greece. Large lavender saucers on wirey stems. 6 inches. 25c.
- C-Persicifolia** (Peach bells)—Large, single, blue or white flowers on a 3 ft. stalk. In bloom a long time.
- C-Persicifolia, Moerheimi**—Double white form of above 25c.
- C-Persicifolia, Pfitzeri**—Double blue form of above. 25c.
- C-Persicifolia Telham beauty**—large bell shaped flowers of china-blue 4 ft. stems. One of the best. 25c.
- C-Pusilla**—Dense mats of fine foliage. Nodding bells of blue on 4 inch stems. A gem for the rock garden.
- C-Pusilla alba** (R)—White flowered form of above. 25c.
- C-Rhomboidalis** (R)—(Diamond leaved bellflower)—Wide mats of 12 inch stems hung with sapphire bells. 20c.
- C-Rhomboidalis Fl Pl** (R)—Double flowered form of above. 25c.

CATANANCHE Coerulea (Cupids dart)—paper-like deep blue flowers on 18 inch stems. Good cut-flowers and often used as everlasting in winter bouquets. Easy to grow.

CERASTIUM Tomentosum (R)—(Snow in summer)—A well known and much used grey-leaved creeper for the dry rockery.

CHRYSANTHEMUM Alpinum (R)—Attractive mats of dark green, lacy foliage. Myriads of large white daisies on short stems.

C-Kereanum (R)—Recently introduced and as yet not very plentiful. Very hardy, blooming from Sept. to Nov. Pink buds opening white. Lasts well as a cut flower. 2 ft. 25c.

C-ELDERS early. A very large flowered Shasta Daisy. Usually in bloom for decoration day and lasting for a long time.

CONVULVULUS Mauritanicus (R)—One of the finest summer blooming plants for the rockery, window box or low border. Blue flowers on 3 to 4 inch stems, from June Nov. 25c.

COTYLEDON—Chrysantha (R)—Pretty downey rosettes of fat little leaves and soft yellow tubular flowers. 25c.

C-Simplicifolius (R)—Low tufts of Sedum-like growths with gracefully arched 8 inch stems of golden flowers 25c.

CRUCIANELLA Stylosa (R)—Masses of dainty green foliage with clustered heads of rosy-pink flowers from May to July.

DELPHINIUM—Wrexham Hollyhock strain. This stately perennial needs no introduction and should be in every garden. Our plants are two year field grown, from imported seed, and you will not be able to buy better strain at any price.

DIANTHUS Arvenensis (R)—tight little mounds of gray green, covered with small pink, short-stemmed flowers. A wonderful carpeting variety and indispensable for the rockery. 20c.

D-Arenarius (R)—A light airy pink with fringed white blooms. Likes a hot dry spot in the rock garden.

D-Deltoides (R)—(Maiden Pink)—Trailing mats of glossy-green foliage. Pink blooms speckled with crimson. 6 inches.

D-Deltoides brilliant (R)—Velvety-crimson form of above.

D-Filifolius (R)—Beautiful mats of dense dark-green foliage with many white flowers on slender 6 inch stems.

D-Granaticus (R)—A good rock garden species. Neat branching habit. Bright red flowers in the way of D-Deltoides.

D-Neglectus (R)—Neat little grassy tufts, studded with cherry-red flowers with a buff of reverse. One of the best. 25c.

D-Plumarius, Highland Queen (R)—An easily grown gem for the rockery or border. Large brilliant crimson shaded maroon at the center. A long and free bloomer. 25c.

DICENTRA Formosa (R)—(Western Dutchman's Breeches)—Filmy fern-like foliage and soft pink flowers. Ideal for the shaded rockery or under shrubs or ferns.

EPILOBIUM Hectori (R)—A neat creeper; as the leaves age they have the appearance of hammered copper. 1 inch. 20c.

ERICA Carneae, Laggeri (R)—One of the finest heathers for the rockery or border. Low, wide spreading mats covered in spring with masses of pink bells. 25 and 50 cents.

ERINUS Alpinus, carmineus (R)—Dwarf, evergreen rockery plant. Covered with rosy-carmine flowers on 4 inch stems.

EUPHORBIA Cyparissima (Cypress Spurge) (R)—Like a miniature Cypress the foliage coloring beautifully in the fall.

ERIGERON Mucronatus (R)—Trailer with dark-green foliage and pink and white daisys, from spring until fall. 20c.

EUPATORIUM Fraseri Clouds of misty-white ageratum-like blooms on 2 ft., stems, in late fall. Good for cutting.

GAILLARDIA Portola. The strongest growing species, making them an ideal cut flower. Rich crimson, tipped yellow.

GERANIUM Sanguineum (Hardy Geranium) (R)—A native gem well adapted for the rockery. Purple-red flowers. 25c.

G-Sanguineum, Var (R)—A selected pink form of above 25c.

GEUM Mrs. Bradshaw (R)—Double scarlet, rose-like blooms on 18 inch stems, rising from low dark green foliage.

G-Lady Strathden (R)—Double yellow form of above.

GYPSOPHILA Cerastoides (R)—Rare dwarf alpine with soft compact foliage. Flowers white veined red. 20c.

G-Repens (R)—A creeping variety with soft grey-green evergreen foliage, white flowers in late spring.

HELENIUM Autumnale, Riverton gem ((Helen flower)—Makes large, 3 ft. high clumps, covered with many large flowers of old gold and wallflower red in a perfect blending of color.

HELIANTHEMUM, Boule De Feu (Sun rose) (R)—A double flowering form of this popular shrubby evergreen. 20c.

HERNIARIA Glabra (R)—Unique carpeting plant, holding its dark-green color even in the hottest sun. Fine for stepping stones or to drape over the face of a rock. 1/2 inch.

HEUCHERA Sanguinea (Coral bells) (R)—A most effective crimson spot in the border or rockery. Summer. 15 inches. 20c.

H-Sanguinea, alba (R)—Fine white hybrid of above.

HOUSTONIA Serpyllifolia (R)—Dainty little creeper, mats of dark green foliage smothered with dainty blue flowers.

HYPERICUM Coris (R)—The best and most distinctive species for the rockery. Spreading glaucous, heath-like foliage, with rather large yellow flowers; 6 inches. Rare. 25c.

H-Fragile (R)—Large flowered trailing Alpine species.

- HUTCHINSIA Alpina** (R)—Forms dense cushions of fine green cress leaves smothered with dainty white flowers. 25c.
- INULA Grandiflora** (Gold marguerite)—Large, yellow, mid-summer daisy, fine cut-flower. Easy to grow. 2 ft.
- I-Insifolia** (R)—Compact bushes to 12 inches, with large yellow daisy like flowers during July and Aug.
- IRIS Siberica** (Siberian Iris) Tall slender plants with graceful dark-blue flowers in early summer. 3 ft.
- I-Pseudoacorus** (Yellow water flag) Making tall graceful clumps for the edge of the pool or stream.
- I-Tenax**—Beautiful dwarf native species with many large mauve colored flowers open at once. 25c.
- JASIONE Perennis** (R)—Free flowering plant with many miniature, scabiosa-like heads of blue. 1 ft. Easy to grow.
- LEONTOPODIUM Alpinum** (Edilweis) (R)—Much sought for legendary plant of the Swiss Alps. Woolly, grey leaves with star like heads of light yellow flowers. 6 inches. 25c.
- LIATRIS Pycnostachya** (Kansas gayfeather)—Handsome spikes of rose-purple in late summer. Fine for mixed bouquets. 4 ft.
- LAMIUM Maculatum, Variegatum** (R)—Dwarf crinkley evergreen leaves with white stripe down the center. Purple flowers.
- LYCHNIS Alpinus** (R)—Pretty rose colored heads on 4 inch stems from a compact dark-green plant. Excellent for edging a walk or for small pockets in the rockery. Spring.
- L-Arkwrighti** (R)—New large flowered sort in many wonderful shades of red, pink and salmon. 1 ft. Summer.
- L-Viscaria** Graceful early flowering border and cut-flower plant, 18 inch mass of pink flowers over a long period.
- L-Viscaria, Fl Pl** (R)—Deep red double flowered form of above. Even a single plant attracts much attention and large group or long border of this 1 ft. plant is a sight long to be remembered. Late spring. 25c.
- MENTHA Requieni** (R)—Dense green carpet of strong peppermint scented foliage. Fine for stepping stones. 2 inches. 25c.
- MICROMERIA Douglasi** (Yerba Buena) (R)—Dwarf creeping evergreen, strong mint-like aromatic foliage. Makes a large mat covered with white flowers in summer. 4 inches.
- M-Rupestris** (R)—Attractive dwarf shrub-like form of above.
- MIMULUS Langsdorfi** (R)—Large golden yellow flowers, splashed brown. Blooms continuously if watered. 1 ft. 25c.
- MYOSOTIS Palustris** (Everblooming forget-me-not) (R) Trailing perennial forget-me-not which blooms all summer if given some shade and moisture. Light-blue flowers. 6 inches.
- NEPETA Mussini** (R)—Fine everblooming subject for the rockery or border. Fragrant grey foliage, lavender flowers. Bloom repeatedly if kept sheared. 8 inches.

- OENOTHERA Fraseri** (Evening Primrose) (R)—The large yellow flowers of this dwarf rock garden sort, stay open all day.
- PENTSTEMON Barbatus, Torreyi**—Tall, graceful stems set with thin scarlet tubes from June to Sept. Fine for cutting.
- P-Grandiflora** (Shell-leaf Pentstemon) The most distinct of the taller Pentstemons. Attractive large blue-grey leaves. Large lavender-blue flowers. Attracts much attention. 20c.
- P-Crandalli** (R)—Dwarf, native evergreen shrub, covered with spikes of bright purple flowers all summer. 20c.
- P-Crandalli** (R)—A prostrate species with very narrow foliage and wide open flowers on short stems. 25c.
- P-Menziesi, Var Davidsoni** (R)—One of the best of the western Alpines. A prostrate creeper making a dense mat, not more than an inch high, large purple-blue flowers. 25c.
- PHLOX Amoena** (R)—Dwarf evergreen tufts, covered in early spring with sheets of pink, and again in the fall. 20c.
- P-Subulata (Moss pink)** (R)—Creeping evergreen mats of prickly foliage smothered with large pink flowers in spring.
- P-Subulata, Fairy** (R)—A small dainty form with flowers of pale lilac with purple eye. 25c.
- P-Subulata, Alba** (R)—Large white flowered form of above.
- P-Subulata, Vivid** (R)—Dark pink with red eye. 25c.
- P-Suffruticosa, Miss Lingard**—Immense panicles of white flowers. Blooms through May and June and again in the fall.
- POLYPODIUM Dryopteris** (Oak-Fern)—Makes large clumps of lacy fronds 2 to 3 ft. high. Will grow in dry spot if shaded.
- P-Glycyrriza** (Licorice-Fern)—Short odd shaped fronds, found growing on tree trunks. Easily grown in dry ground.
- PRIMULA Auricula** (Swedish Primrose) (R)—Rosettes of thick smooth leaves, large flowers of various colors, all with a distinct eye, on 6 to 12 inch stems, in early spring. 20c.
- P-Cortusoides**—Hardy Siberian species. Crumpled leaves and tall stems of graceful pink flowers, in late spring. 2 ft.
- P-Eliatior (Polyanthus)**—A fine mixture of this popular bunch-Primrose in all shades and colors. Early spring 1 ft.
- PYRETHRUM Roseum Hybridum** (Painted daisy)—Probably one of the finest of all cut flowers. Always in bloom for decoration day and stays fresh for a long time after cutting. Shades of White, pink and red, sold in mixtures only. 2 ft.
- P-Hybridum, Fl Pl** Selected doubles in white, pink or rose Others list these at \$1 each. Our price is 25c.
- P-Tschihatscheffi** (R)—Wonderful ground cover for dry exposures, and for large pockets in the rockery. Large

- white daisys on 6 inch stems through most of the summer 20c.
- SAGINA Subulata** (Dog hair) (R)—Prostrate mat of soft green felt sprinkled with tiny white stars. Summer.
- PTEROCEPHALUS Parnassi** (R)—Dense low mounds of greyish foliage with many Scabiosa-like flowers of lilac pink. 25c.
- PHYTEUMA, Hemisphaericum** (R)—Lovely low growing rock plant with many heads of deep violet flowers. 25c.
- SAPONARIA Bellidifolia** (R)—Rare Alpine species with heads of creamy yellow flowers on 8 inch stems. 25c.
- S-Ocynoides** (R)—A trailing plant from the Swiss mountains, with sheets of rosy-pink flowers in late spring.
- SAXIFRAGA Mossy** (R)—Saxifragas are known as the backbone of the rock garden, and the mossy type takes its place well to the front. A well grown plant is a sight long to be remembered. Shades of white, pink and red. 6 inches. Spring.
- S-Lingulata** (R)—Rosettes of pale green silver beaded leaves, panicles of white flowers in spring 25c.
- S-Paradoxa** (R)—Long narrow iron-grey foliage, edged with silver beading. A choice and rare hybrids. 25c.
- S-Caespitosa** (R)—A little treasure from the Olympic Mts. Forms dense, inch high mats of dark green foliage with many small white stars on 2 inch stems. Rare. 25c.
- SCABIOSA Caucasica, Isaac House Hybrids.** This new hybrid has been greatly improved as to size of bloom and range of color, with many delicate blue and lavender shades. 25c.

We have one of the largest collections of hardy Sedums in this country. These listed below are each distinctly different from the other, and we can recommend them all to the beginner as well as the collector. Many others appear elsewhere in this catalogue. We also have many that we do not list.

- Sedum Album** (R)—Thick, waxy soft green foliage, white flowers.
- S-Altissimum** (R)—Excellent tree-like form of glaucous blue.
- S-Cape Blanco** (R)—New native of the Oregon coast. Smaller and more compact than S-Spathulifolium which it resembles.
- S-Divergens** (R)—Close set bead-like leaves, turning red in sun, yellow flowers nestle close to the foliage.
- S-Fosterianum** (R)—Dense grey-green needles, yellow flowers.
- S-Hispanicum** (R)—Tiny mossy glaucous-blue foliage, pink flowers.
- S-Lydium** (R)—Tiny dark green mossy sort, turns red in sun.
- S-Middendorffianum** (R)—Dwarf shrubby Siberian species.
- S-Murale (Pink sea foam)** (R)—Low reddish-purple foliage, white flowers with pink center. showy at all times.
- S-Oregonum** (R)—Beautiful dark-green foliage turning to apricot when it gets lots of sun. Yellow flowers 6 inches.

- S-Reflexum, Cristatum** (Cockscomb Sedum) (R)—Fasciated stems, forming a crest like a cockscomb. Yellow flowers. 6 inches.
- S-Rupestre** (R)—Spirals of bold prickly foliage. Yellow flowers.
- S-Sarmentosum** (R)—Light Yellow flowers on creeping, greenish-yellow foliage. Fine for hanging baskets or window boxes.
- S-Sexangular** (R)—Compact bronzy-green mat, yellow flowers.
- S-Sieboldi** (R)—Japanese species with red-edged glaucous foliage, large heads of pink flowers in fall. 8 inches. Fine for pots or hanging baskets, as well as the rockery.
- S-Spathulifolium** (R)—Native with grey spathulate leaves covered with white powder, dark yellow flowers in early spring.
- S-Spurium** (R)—Mat forming evergreen species, pink flowers.
- S-Spurium, Album** (R)—The white form of this popular ground cover. 6 inches. Summer. Rare. 20c.
- We have a large collection of fine Sempervivums. We list only a small portion of these, so write us your wants.
- SEMPERVIVUM Arachnoideum** (R)—Small grey green rosettes, covered with white cottony threads, like a cobweb. Pink flower.
- S-Arenarium** (R)—Dense colonies of bright-green, tinted red in winter. One of the smallest and we believe one of the best for the rock garden.
- S-Assimile** (R)—Medium rosettes, pale green, tipped brown. A large colony having the appearance of being spotted.
- S-Blandum Rubicundum** (R)—Large rosettes tinted pink and purple. Very showy. 25c.
- S-Browni** (R)—Large rosettes, dark green, tipped brown.
- S-Fauconetti** (R)—Small rosettes, spidery filaments at tips.
- S-Funcki** (R)—Medium rosettes, brilliant emerald green. A fine contrast to the colored sorts, red purple flowers 20c.
- S-Fimbriatum** (R)—Medium rosettes, green, becoming brown, slightly hairy. A very attractive sort. 20c.
- S-Globiferum (Seboliferum)** (R)—Densely crowded rosettes, green, tipped red, yellow flowers. Odd and interesting sort.
- S-Laggeri** (R)—The largest of the cobweb sorts, the webs taking on a redish tint during summer. Pink flowers.
- S-Mettenianum** (R)—Large grey-green rosettes, beautifully marbled with grass green, tipped red. 25c.
- S-Pallidum** (R)—Large rosettes, blue-green, turning purplish, tipped brown, rose colored flowers..
- S-Pittoni** (R)—Medium rosettes, densely incurved, dull green, margins very hairy, sulphur yellow flowers. 25c.
- S-Pomeli**—Small rosettes, green tinged reddish brown, slightly hairy. 20c.
- S-Tectorum** (Hen and chickens) (R)—Large rosettes, Green, tipped red. Red Flowers.

S-Mixed (R)—We have selected a number of seedlings which are in many cases superior to the named sorts from which the seed were saved. These will be sold by numbers which we have given them, in mixture only, at 10 cents each.

SELAGENELLA Douglassi (R)—Rare Olympic Mountain native with beautiful dark green mossy foliage. Creeps slowly to make large mats in a partly shaded rockery. Fine pot plant. 50c.

SILENE Acaulis (R)—Mats of bright green moss-like foliage, almost stemless pink flowers in early spring. Some shade.

S-Saxifraga (R)—Dainty member of this family, white flowers.

S-Schaffa (R)—Trailing variety with masses of rosy purple flowers in late summer when color is needed.

SISYRINCHIUM Angustiorium (Blue-eyed grass) (R)—An interesting plant, like a small Iris in habit of growth, deep blue flowers, open only when the sun shines. 6 inches.

S-Bellium (R)—Dark-purple flowered form of above. 25c.

STRUTHIOPETRIS Spicant (Deer Fern)—Long flat, stiff, dark-green fronds, for a moist shady spot.

THYMUS Azoricus (R)—Dense mounds of tiny leaves, pink flowers.

T-Citrodorus (R)—Fine dark green mounds of fragrant foliage. Excellent for specimens in the rockery, or for borders.

T-Citrodorus, argenteus (R)—Silver variegated form of above.

T-Nitidus (R)—Tiny leaved shrublet, lavender-pink blooms

T-Nummularius (R)—Mat forming and sweet scented. Producing its rosy flowers when the other Thymes are over, 1 inch.

T-Serpyllum (R)—Soft fragrant evergreen mats, smothered with tiny red flowers. A choice ground cover, for stepping stones or for large pockets in the rock garden. 3 inches.

T-Serpyllum, Album (R)—White flowering form of above. More prostrate and the best plant we know of for stepping stones.

T-Serpyllum, Lanuginosa (Wooly Thyme) (R)—Fragrant grey wooly foliage. Ideal for the dry rockery. 3 inches.

T-Marschallium (R)—Like T-Serpyllum in habit of growth, but distinctly different in color of foliage and flower. New and a valuable addition to any rockery. 25c.

TRIFOLIUM Repens, Purpureum (R)—This four-leaved Mahogany clover, attracts much attention in our rock garden. 8 inches.

TUNICA Saxi fraga—Fine tufted foliage, smothered in showers of pink blooms. Blooms repeatedly, if cut back. 6 inches.

TRADESCANTIA Brevicaulis—Large rose colored flowers on 1 ft., stems all summer. Rare. 25c.

T-Virginia (Spider-lily)—Beautiful dark-blue flowers on 2 ft. stems all summer. Good pool-side plant.

VACCINUM Parvifolium (Red) Whortleberry—Deciduous shrub with bright-green leaves and brilliant, scarlet-red berries that are edible without cooking. The new

growth is a bright green in winter. 6 ft. 25 and 50 cents.

VERONICA Incana (R)—The 8 inch spikes of violet-blue make a pretty contrast against the compact, silvery-grey foliage.

V-Prostrata (R)—Carpets of olive green foliage, smothered with dainty, 6 inch spikes of light blue flowers.

V-Prostrata, Rupestris (R)—A rich, dark-blue flowered form of above. A beautiful sight when in full bloom. 20c.

V-Leucium (R)—Upright to 10 inches, having showers of blue flowers in mid-summer.

V-Lucium, Trehuni (R)—An unusual plant, having clear yellow foliage and deep blue flowers. A rare novelty. 25c.

V-Spicata Erica Rosea (R)—Attractive clumps of dark-green foliage, 12 in., spikes of rose colored flowers.

VIOLA Adunca (R)—Dwarf evergreen species with heart-shaped leaves, forming a compact mass, purplish blue flowers in great profusion, in both spring and fall. A gem for the rock garden.

V-Alpina (R)—Small neat foliage. The long narrow, purple flowers are borne through most of the summer. 25c.

V-Cyclops (R)—Large deep violet flowers, with white eye. Blooms repeatedly if cut back. 4 inches.

V-Glabella—Good mat-forming sort. Large brown penciled, yellow flowers borne in the axis of the leaf. Shade.

V-G, Wermig (R)—A very hardy sort with many violet blue flowers on erect stems through most of the summer. 6 inches.

V-Odorata—Large shining leaves, fragrant flowers of of rich, deep-purple, in early spring. 6 inches. Shade.

V-Odorata. The Peacock—Beautiful, large white flowers with a blue eye. A very neat and satisfactory sort. Shade.

V-Orbiculata (R)—Desirable early spring native, evergreen foliage, medium sized yellow flowers, penciled brown. 2 inch.

VERBENA Venosa (Hardy Verbena) (R)—A very worthwhile border or rock garden species. 1 ft. spikes of violet-purple flowers over a long period. 20c.

WOODWARDIA Radicans (Great Chain Fern)—A wonderful addition to a shady corner. If provided with some moisture, it will often attain a height of 6 to 8 ft 25c.

We have the following plants in varying quantities, and will fill orders in rotation, as long as stock lasts.

ACHILLEA Millefolium, Roseum—Rosy pink, summer, 3 foot.

A-Plarmica, The Pearl—double white, summer, 2 ft.

AEGOPODIUM Podagraria, Vafiegatum—ground cover, shade.

AETHIONEMA Grandiflora (R)—Pink, summer, 10 inches. 25c.

A-Persicum (R)—Rosy-pink. Summer, 6 inches. 20c.

ALSINE Pinifolia (R)—White. Summer 4 inches.

ALYSSUM Argenteum (R)—Yellow. Summer, 1 ft. 20c.

A-Serpyllifolium (R)—Yellow. summer. 4 inches. 25c.

AQUILEGIA Alpinum (R)—Mixed, Summer. 1 ft.

A-Silver Queen—Silvery-white, Summer, 3 ft.

- ANDROSACE Lanuginosa, Leichtlini (R)—White, summer, trailer. 25c.
- ANAPHALIS Margaritacea—White, Summer, 2 ft. Everlasting.
- ARABIS Alpina (R)—White, spring, 6 inches.
- A-Alpina, Fl Pl (R)—Double white, Spring, 1 ft. 20c.
- ARENARIA Cephaletes (R)—White, Summer, 1 ft.
- A-Laricifolia (R)—White, Summer, 4 inches.
- A-Stricata (R)—White, Summer, 6 inches.
- ARBUTUS Menziesi (Madrono)—Pink, Spring, tree 30 ft. 25c.
- ARCTOSTAPHYLOS Manzanita—Pink, Spring, 6 ft. 25c.
- ARMERIA Gigantea (R)—Red, Summer, 1 ft.
- A-Maritima (R)—Rose, Spring, 6 inches.
- A-Pungens (R)—Pink, Summer, 1 ft.
- ARUNCUS Sylvester (Goats-Beard)—White, summer, 6 ft. 25c.
- ASARUM Canadense—Brown, Spring, 4 inches. Shade.
- ASPERULA Odorata (R)—White, Summer, 10 inches.
- AZALEA Mollis—Mixed, Summer, 6 ft, shade. 35 and 50
- BELLIS Perennis (English Daisy)—(R)—White, Spring, 4 inch.
- BELLIUM, Minutum (R)—White, Summer, 6 inches. 25c.
- CALAMINTHA Alpina (R)—Lavender, summer, 10 inches.
- C-Grandiflora (R)—Dark-lavender, Summer, 6 inches, 20c.
- CAMPANULA Carpatica (R)—Mixed, Summer, 10 in.
- C-Billardii, Miranda (R)—Blue, summer, 1 ft. 25c.
- C-Garganica (R)—Blue, summer, 6 inches, 25c.
- C-Glomerata—Violet, Summer, 18 inches. 20c.
- C-Sarmatica—Pale-blue, Summer, 18 inches. Rare. 25c.
- CORNUS Nuttali (Pacific Dogwood)—White, spring, 30 ft. 25c.
- CHIOGENES Hispidula (Snowberry)—Pink, Spring, 1 ft. 25c.
- CORYDALIS Cheilanthesifolia—Yellow. Summer. 1 ft. 25c.
- DIANTHUS Cruentus (R)—Red, Summer, 1 ft..
- D-Gigantea—Red, Summer, 3 ft. Rare. 25c.
- DRABA Aizoon (R)—Yellow, spring, 6 inches. 25c.
- D-Repens (R)—Yellow, Spring, 3 inches.
- DELPHINIUM Tatsienense (R)—Blue, Summer, 1 ft 25c.
- DOUGLASIA Laevigata (R)—Red, Spring, 4 inches. 50c.
- DICTAMNUS Fraxinella—Red, Summer, 33 ft. 25c.
- DRYAS Sundermanni (R)—Yellow, summer, 1 ft. 25c.
- ERIGERON Coulteri—White, Summer, 1 ft.
- ERYNGIUM Planum (Sea-Holly)—Blue, Summer, 2 ft
- FUNKIA Undulata—Blue, Summer, 1 ft. Shade.
- GAULTHERA Procumbens (Wintergreen) — White, Spring, 4 inches. 25c.
- G-Shallon—pink, Spring, 2 ft. Both need shade.
- GLAUCUM Flavum (R)—(Horned Poppy)—Yellow, summer, 2 ft.
- GLOBULARIA Tricosantha (R)—Blue, summer, 8 inches 25c.
- GYPSOPHILA Acutifolia—Pink, Summer, 18 inches. 25c.
- G-Paniculata (Babysbreath)—White, Summer, 2 ft.
- GORMANIA Laxa (R)—Crimson, Summer, 8 inches. 25c.
- G-Watsoni (R)—Creamy-yellow, Summer, 8 inches. 25c.
- G-Watsoni, Rosea (R)—Rose, summer, 8 inches. 25c.

HELIANTHEMUM Mutabile (R)—Mixed, summer, 10 inches.
HELENIUM Pumilum, Magnificum—Red, Fall, 2 ft. New 25c.
HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana—Yellow, summer, 3 ft.
HYPERICUM Calycinum—Yellow, Summer, 2 ft. Shrub.
H-Patulum, Forresti (R)—Yellow, Summer, 2 ft. Rare. 25c.
H-Repens (R)—Yellow, Summer, 4 inches
IBERIS Sempervirens (R)—White, Spring, 8 inches.
KALMIA Polifolia (Bog-Laurel)—Pink, Spring, 2 ft. 25c.
LEWISIA Columbianum (R)—Pink, Spring, 6 inches. 25c.
LINUM Perenne (R)—Blue, Summer, 1 ft.
LINNAEA Canadense (R)—Pink, Spring, Creeper. 20c.
LIPPIA Repens (R)—Rose, Summer, 3 inches.
MAHONIA Aquifolium (Oregon Grape)—Yellow, Spring, 3 ft. 50c.
M-Nervosa—Yellow, Spring, 1 ft. 25c.
MITELLA Diphylla—Pinkish-White, Spring, 2 ft. Shade.
MONARDA Didyma (Bergamot)—Scarlet, Summer, 3 ft.
NEPETA Hederacea—Violet, Summer, Ground cover.
N-Hederacea, Variegata—Violet, Summer, Trailer. 20c.
N-Nervosa (R)—Blue, Summer, 1 ft.
OENOTHERA Reticulatum (R)—Yellow, Summer, 1 ft.
ONOSMA Helveticum (R)—Light-yellow, Summer, 2 ft.
O-Stellulatum (R)—Yellow, Summer, 18 inches. 25c.
PENTSTEMON Procerus, Tolmiei (R)—Blue, Summer, 6 in. 25c.
P-Smalli (R)—White, Summer, 1 ft. 25c.
P-Venustus (R)—Violet, Summer, 2 ft.
PERAMIUM Repens (Nothorn Rattlesnake Plantain)—Shade.
PHLOX Divaricata, Canadensis (R)—Lavender, Spring, 1 ft.
P-Divaricata, Laphami (R)—Blue, Spring, 1 ft. 20c.
P-Subulata, Rosea (R)—Rose, Spring, Creeper.
P-Lilacena (R)—Lilac, Spring, Creeper. 25c.
PHYSOSTEGIA Virginica (R)—Pink, Summer, 1 ft.
PLATYCODON Grandiflorum—Mixed, Summer, 2 ft.
PLUMBAGO Larpentae (R)—Blue, Summer, 8 inches 25c.
POLEMONIUM Coeruleum—Blue, Summer, 2 ft.
PRIMULA Forresti—Yellow, Summer, 2 ft. Rare. 50c.
P-Florindae—Yellow, Summer, 3 ft, Rare. 50c.
P-Microdonta, Violacea—Violet, summer, 18 inches. 35c.
P-Sikkimensis—Yellow, Summer, 2 ft. 25c.
P-Acaulis, Fl Pl—Double white, Spring, Rare. 50c.
SALVIA Azurea, Grandiflora—Blue, Summer, 3 ft. 25c.
SANTOLINA Tomentosa (R)—Yellow, Summer, 2 ft. 25c.
SAXIFRAGA Apiculata (R)—Yellow, Spring, 6 inches 25c.
S-Ferdinand Cobergi (R)—Yellow, Spring, 6 inches. 25c.
S-Aizoon, Lagraveana (R)—White, Spring, 4 inches. 25c.
S-Burseriana, Magna (R)—White Spring, 6 inches. 50c.
S-Haggi (R)—Yellow, Spring. 4 inches. 25c.
S-Marginata, Elliotts Variety (R) White, Spring, 6 inches 50c.
S-Pyramidalis (R)—White, Spring, 2 ft. 25c
S-Saneta (R)—Yellow. Spring, 6 inches. 25c.
S-Stenoglossa (R)—White, Spring, 1 ft. 25c.
SEDUM Acre (R)—Yellow, Summer, 4 inches.
S-Anglicum (R)—Blush, Summer, 3 inches.

- S-Anacampseros** (R)—Purple, Summer, 6 inches. 25c.
S-Browni (R)—Yellow, Summer, 8 inches.
S-Coleniensis (R)—Pink, Summer, 4 inches.
S-Dasyphyllum (R)—Light-pink, Summer, 4 inches.
S-Douglassi (R)—Yellow, Summer, 8 inches.
S-Eversi (R)—Pink, Fall, 8 inches.
S-Ellacombianum (R)—Yellow, Summer, 8 inches.
S-Gracile (R)—Light-Pink, Summer, 3 inches.
S-Griffithi (R)—Yellow, Summer, 6 inches.
S-Jepsoni (R)—Yellow, Summer, 8 inches. 25c.
S-Kamtschaticum, Variegatum (R)—Yellow, Summer, 6 inches. 25c.
S-Linearis (R)—White, Summer, 8 inches, 25c.
S-Linearis, Variegata (R)—White, Summer, 8 inches. 25c.
S-Nevi (R)—White, Summer, 4 inches. 25c.
S-Obtusatum (R)—Yellow, Summer, 6 inches.
S-Purdyi (R)—Yellow, Summer, 6 inches. 25c.
S-Reflexum, Minor (R)—Yellow, Summer, 6 inches.
S-Sieboldi, Variegata (R)—Pink, Fall, 6 inches. 25c.
S-Sibericum (R)—Yellow, Summer, 6 inches.
S-Spectabilis—pink, Fall, 18 inches.
S-Spectabilis, Variegata—Pink, Fall, 18 inches. 20c.
S-Spurium, Coccineum (R)—Red, Summer, 6 inches.
S-Stribryni (R)—Yellow, Summer, 5 inches.
S-Tenuifolia (R)—White, Summer, 8 inches.
S-Ternatum (R)—White, Summer, 6 inches.
S-Hispanicum, Minus (R)—Pink, Summer 3 inches.
S-Magellense (R)—White, Summer, 4 inches.
SEMPERVIVUM Atroviolaceum (R) — Purple-tipped rosettes. 25c.
S-Calcareum (R)—Glaucous-blue, distinct red-purple tip. 25c.
S-Dolomiticum (R)—Red-purple tip, red base, slightly hairy.
S-Hirtum (R)—Large spreading tufts of green.
S-Lown's No. 60 (R)—One of the finest of all. 50c.
S-Moggridgei (R)—Large hairy form. Very good. 25c.
S-Penniculatum (R)—Very compact, leaves hairy at margins.
S-Triste (R)—Deep wine color. Very rare. 25c.
S-Schlehani (R)—Monochrome green leaves. 25c.
S-Schlehani, Glaucum (R)—Bluish Powdery form of above. 25c.
SILENE Maritima (R)—Glaucous-blue foliage, pink flowers 6 inches.
SAMBUCUS Racemosa (Red Berried Elder)—Spring, 10 ft. 25c.
STACHYS Sericeus (R)—Lilac, Summer, 1 ft.
STOKESIA Cynea (R)—Purple, Summer. 1 ft.
TROLLIUS Ledebouri, Golden Queen—Yellow, Summer. 2 ft. 35c.
THUJA Occidentalis (Cedar tree)—70 ft. 25c.
TOLMIEA Menziesi—Brown, Summer 2 ft. Shade.
VACCINUM Ovatum (Evergreen Huckleberry)—Pink. Spring, 6 ft. 25c.
VERONICA Armena (R)—Blue, Summer. 6 inches. Rare 25c.
V-Austraica (R)—Blue. Summer, 8 inches.
V-Repens (R)—Bluish-White. Spring. 2 inches. Shade.
V-Serpyllifolia (R)—Light blue, Summer, 6 inches, Shade.

WAHLENBERGIA Dalamatia (R)—Blue, Summer, 6 inches. 25c.

ZAUSCHNERIA Cana (R)—Red, Summer, 18 inches. 25c.

Z-Californica (R)—Red, Summer, 1 ft. 25c.

OUR GUARANTEE

After years of experimenting, we have found a method of packing which our most distant customers tell us, bring their plants to them as fresh as if they had just been dug in a near by field. From now on this method will be used exclusively, and we can guarantee our plants to arrive at any destination, in perfect growing condition.

We do not substitute without your permission.

All mistakes cheerfully adjusted.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

You will greatly assist us in giving you better service if you will order early, giving instructions as to just when you would like your plants shipped.

All plants are sent postpaid to any address in the U. S. A.

One dozen plants of one kind for the price of eight.

Make remittances payable to E. B. Drake, Lakebay, Wash.

If you are interested in natives of Idaho write Mr. D H. Snowberger, at Payette, Idaho, for his catalogue.

LAST MINUTE SUGGESTIONS

Rocks are not absolutely essential to the cultivation of mountain plants.

Arenaria balerica will cover the ground under trees, if it can be watered occasionally.

For pleasure of the eye, the greatest possible variety should be planted.

Dicentra Formosa will add interest to that shady spot.

Read the flower books and magazines in your public library.

Antennaria Dioica, *tomentosa* will add interest to that dry pocket in the rockery.

Everybody ought to plant something—a tree, a bush, or a flower. Watching it grow adds to the richness of life.

Try *Arctostaphylos Uvi Ursi* as a ground cover for that dry spot, it is permanent and attractive the year around.

You can always find a four-leaf clover, if you plant *Trifolium purpureum*, it is the true shamrock.

Euphorbia cyparissima is beautiful all through the season.

Most rock plants have interesting foliage.

Plant *Campanulas* and *Dianthus*, for mid-summer bloom.

Remember these plants are hardy, and can be planted as soon as the ground can be worked.

Some of the newer *Sedums* are a surprise and delight. *Campanula Persicifolia* will bloom again if cut back.

Nepeta mussini blooms repeatedly, if kept trimmed.

Saxifraga caepiosa is a little gem from the Olympics.

Gaulthera shallon will grow under trees where nothing else will grow, and makes an attractive 2 foot ground cover.

Viola Adunca and *V-Orbiculata* will grow in the dry rockery.

Remember we pay the postage and guarantee safe arrival.